

JOKOWI & HIS POLICIES. SHOULD MALAYSIA CARE?

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WHO IS JOKOWI?

- **SOCIALLY:** MAN OF THE MASSES

Javanese. Grew up modest. Walks, talks, looks, dresses and eats just like anyone who is part of the Indonesian masses. A devout Muslim who supports pluralism.

- **POLITICALLY:** NEW REFORMIST FROM PDIP

Late bloomer. Entered to serve, not be served. Listens to people. New breed of post-decentralization politicians. City manager with no national experience. Loyal to nationalist PDIP.

- **ECONOMICALLY:** SELF-MADE BUSINESSMAN

Sold furniture. Successful business first went down. Visited Europe. Experienced competition, bureaucracy, trade barriers and management issues first hand.



WHAT ARE HIS POLICIES?



SOCIALLY: CHAMPIONING THE PEOPLE. ALL OF THEM
Mental Revolution. Improvement in health and education. Services for
the masses and the voiceless. Protection for minorities, the
marginalized. He wants the state to be present when people need it.

WHAT ARE HIS POLICIES?



- **POLITICALLY:** NATIONALIST, INDONESIA-FIRST POSTURE

Attention on domestic issues. Protection of territory. Champion of maritime state. He wants to fight for Indonesian interests amid globalization, not just be happy to join the club.

- **ECONOMICALLY:** PRO-LOCAL BUSINESS, PRO-POOR APPROACH

Incentives for SMEs. Barriers for foreign businesses. War on corruption. Shift energy subsidies to social programs, public infrastructure. Less import of oil and food products. Less export of raw materials. More taxes. Scrutiny on economic migration.

WHY SHOULD MALAYSIA CARE?

- **SOCIALLY** – INDONESIAN MIGRANTS

Indonesian migrants back Jokowi, demand better protection. Jokowi promises scrutiny on dispatches, training and documentation.

Better management of migrant workers means less potential sources of employer-employee conflict that can trigger Indonesia-Malaysia tension.

Note: The Malaysia overseas vote result (only 15% for Jokowi) is an anomaly due to high number of ballots posted to employers of migrants. NGO Migrant Care says postal ballots are prone to abuse.

WHY SHOULD MALAYSIA CARE?



POLITICALLY – BORDER & SECURITY

Jokowi wants to beef up presence around borders, including the disputed **Tanjung Datu**. He has vowed to negotiate hard with neighbours but also said he would not hesitate to 'stir things up'.

Jokowi wants to guard the **Malacca Strait** from pirates, terrorists with drones and more ships there. Closest Jokowi aides are **defence wonks**.

TNI-ATM military cooperation and joint patrols better than unilateral construction at disputed areas.

WHY SHOULD MALAYSIA CARE?

- **ECONOMICALLY** – TRADE & INVESTMENT ISSUES

Jokowi plans to play a smart game for **AEC**. Put in place **non-tariff barriers**, find competitive sectors. He will use his own experience as an exporter.

Jokowi is open to more **legal travel**, wants to address **illegal trade and migration**. He will scrutinize Malaysian palm oil investment. Malaysian-owned plantations first target when there is haze.

Jokowi's maritime dream benefits Malaysia. A better guarded **Malacca Strait**, a deeper, busier sea port in **Belawan** and more shipment between **Sumatra and the Peninsula**.

JOKOWI & SOURCES OF INSTABILITY

1. WEAK POSITION IN OWN PARTY
2. MINORITY COALITION IN PARLIAMENT
3. REFORMS FACE RESISTANCE
4. OLIGARCHS WITH AXES TO GRIND
5. UNREALISTIC ADVISERS FROM ACADEMIA WHO HAVE NO POWER
6. TIED UP BY BAD 2015 BUDGET
7. TOO DEPENDENT ON POPULARITY
8. MORE TAXES SCARE OFF MASSES
9. EXPECTATION TOO HIGH
10. NO MIRACLE WORKER



RESULT OF THE JULY 9 ELECTION

2014 Presidential Election Result



193,944,150
Eligible Voters

134,935,945
Total Voters



70.59%
National
Turnout

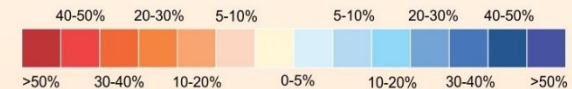
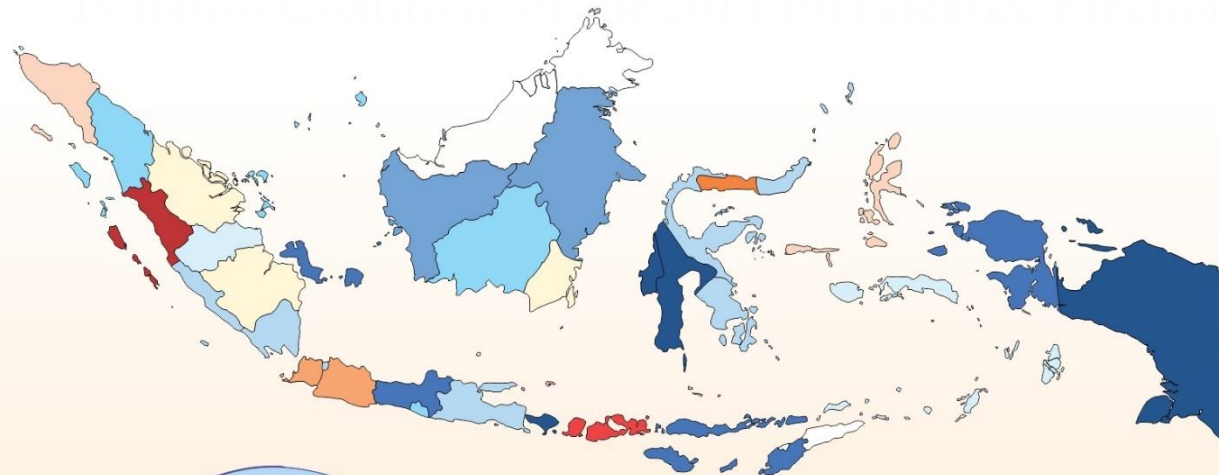


6.30%
Margin of
Victory

Joko Widodo

Margin of Victory

Indonesia & Overseas Voters



Prabowo Subianto

46.85%
Votes



Joko Widodo

53.15%
Votes

25 AUGUST 2014

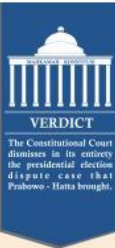
POLITICS: **Court Confirms Jokowi but President-Elect Still Faces Tests**
 POLITICS: **Cabinet Plans Drive Wedge between Jokowi and His VP**
 POLITICS: **Islamist PPP Maybe First Party to Leave Prabowo Coalition**
 CORRUPTION: **Court Testimony Links Yudhoyono Son Again to Graft**
 ECONOMY: **Indonesia Wants Freeport to Pay 2013 Dividend in Full**
 ECONOMY: **Subsidised Fuel Restrictions Trigger Long Lines at Pumps**
 ECONOMY: **Indonesia May Cap Foreign Share in Local Banks at 40%**

Prabowo-Hatta Claims

The vote count result of KPU was illegitimate.
 MK Says —
 The evidence and witnesses presented could not substantiate the claim in detail.
 There was fraud during the setup of the voters registration lists.
 MK Says —
 The way the lists had been arrived at was legitimate.

The add-on voters registration lists were not legitimate.
 MK Says —
 The add-on voters registration lists were legitimate.
 Prabowo failed to receive any vote at 2152 polling stations.
 MK Says —
 Failure to receive any vote is not necessarily indicative of fraud.
 The use of ink is lawful and allowed in the current 1945 Constitution, article 18B, paragraph 2.

KPU willfully ignored the recommendations of the General Elections Supervisory Agency.
 MK Says —
 The General Elections Supervisory Agency did not carefully keep track of these recommendations, but this was not a form of fraud.
 Identifying ink used on election day was easily erased, allowing for voters to cast multiple ballots.
 MK Says —
 No evidence was presented so the court found that such ink did not exist.



VERDICT
 The Constitutional Court dismisses in its entirety the presidential election dispute case that Prabowo - Hatta brought.

COURT VERDICT. The excerpts of the 21 August Constitutional Court decision that dismissed Prabowo Subianto's challenge against the election result that made Joko Widodo into Indonesia's president-elect.

JOKOWI STILL NOT IN SAFE WATERS AFTER COURT WIN

On 21 August, Indonesia's Constitutional Court (MK) threw out the entire complaint against the presidential election result, legally confirming the victory of Jakarta Governor Joko Widodo. While there can be no more appeal against the vote count, the president-elect still confronts challenges from his rival Prabowo Subianto in the form of political resistance. The former general, whose presidential ambitions have been known for a decade, has refused to concede and planned to undermine the elected government through other legal means while some of his zealous supporters in parliament are scheming to disrupt Jokowi's path to the presidency.

THANK YOU!

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